

In pursuit of enhancing social cohesion: innovations in implementation

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Social cohesion through communitybased development project

- The Project Objective is to identify, pilot, and build capacity for social cohesion mechanisms in CDD approaches
- Project Implementation period 2014-2017
- Target areas : Osh and Naryn oblasts
- ✓ 7 mono-ethnic sub-districts
- ✓ 8 multi-ethnic sub-disricts

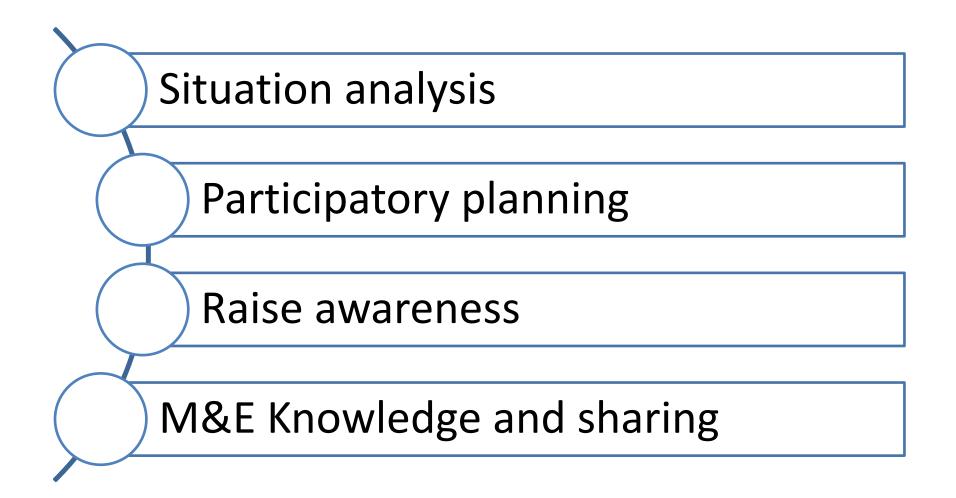
CDD and CDD+

- Community-Driven Development (CDD) is approach of empowering local decision-making and putting resources under the direct control of community groups.
- **CDD PLUS (+)** Creating micro community engagement processes within the CDD framework

Project target areas

#	CDD		CDD+	
	District	Aiyl Aimak	District	Aiyl Aimak
1	At-Bashi	Kara-Suu	Ak-Talaa	Kok-Jar
2	Naryn	Ak-Kuduk	Ak-Talaa	Ak-Chiy
3	Aravan	Anarov	Ak-Talaa	Jerge-Tal
				Tepe-
4	Aravan	Yusupova	Aravan	Korgon
5	Kara-Kulja	Kenesh	Nookat	Kara-Tash
6	Uzgen	Zerger	Kara-Suu	Mady
7	Uzgen	Don-Bulak	Kara-Suu	Otuz-Adyr
8	Uzgen	Karool		

Structure of CDD approach



Differences between CDD and CDD +

1. Situation analysis

	Consulting stakeholders		
1	regarding project priorities and		
	preferred strategies		

CDD

Identifying existing social networks comprising of formal

2 leaders to promote enhanced social cohesion and collective action Point 1, 2 of CDD and also Forming village Volunteer Groups

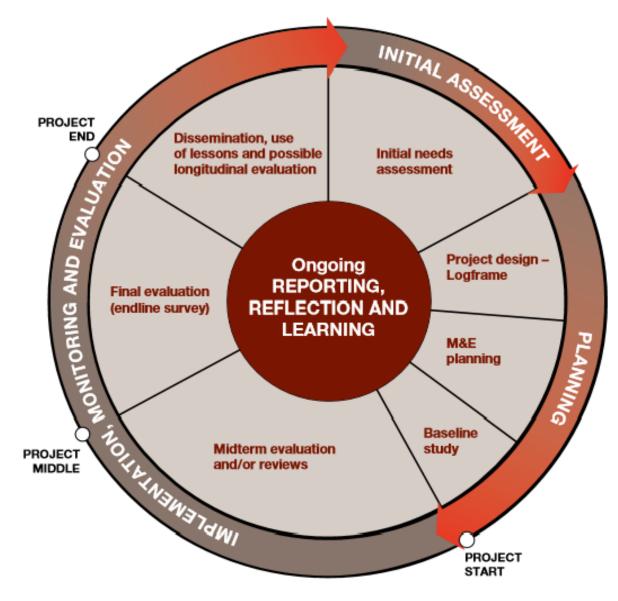
CDD+

Differences between CDD and CDD +					
2. Participatory planning					
	CDD	CDD+			
1	Forming Working groups				
2	Capacity building of Working Groups members on development of LDS	Point 1, 2, 3 of CDD and Promoting prioritization of works identified by and for marginalized and minority			
3	Facilitating participatory planning activities	population in LDS			

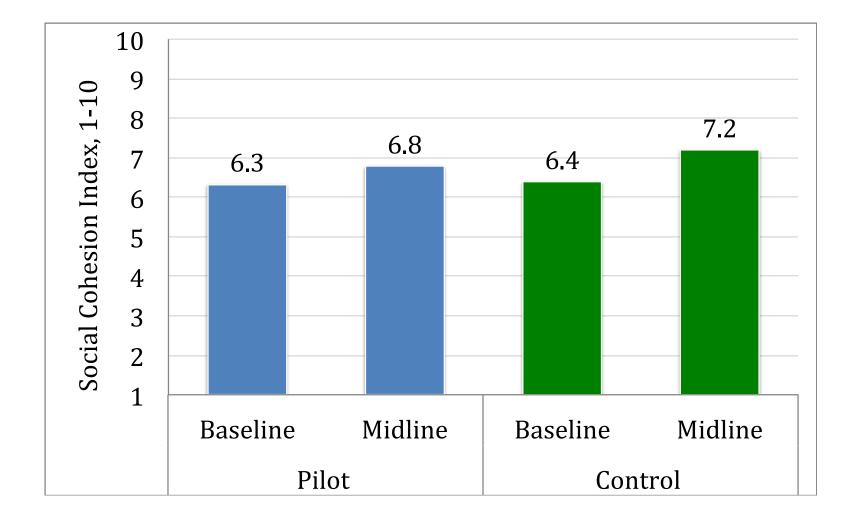
Differences between CDD and CDD +

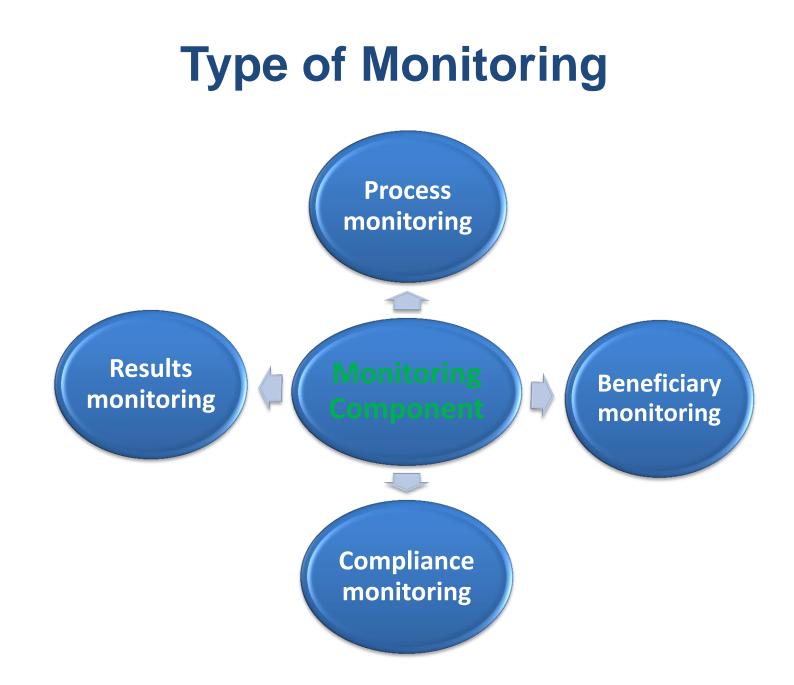
3. Raise awareness on government's social services projects				
	CDD	CDD+		
1		Point 1of CDD and:		
	Conducting awareness raising programs at: ➤ sub-district level ➤ among stakeholders	Capacity building on conducting social audits of LSG/government schemes		
	among target groups			
2		Advocacy initiatives		

Monitoring and Evaluation of the project



Index at baseline and midline





Outputs of the project within CDD+ component

- 140 volunteers trained on conflict mapping
- 44 youth trained on Forum Theatre methods
- 1 Traffic lights established by community members on the results of Forum Theatre
- 394 people trained on Social Audits
- 8 social audits conducted in CDD+ subdistricts
- 8 Monitoring and Evaluation Groups established in CDD+ sub-districts





Conclusion

Activities employed within CDD+ has become a powerful tools which contributed greatly to social cohesion among various population groups and improving the relations between various groups

- Increased involvement of young people in the live of the local community;
- Reduced number of conflicts between community members and LG;
- Increased social interaction and integration of vulnerable children and their parents into the community.